

Cloud Security

Jean-François Pujol Cisco Systems

Quick reminder: Cloud Deployment Model

NIST Deployment Models

Public Cloud	Cloud infrastructure made available to the general public.			
Private Cloud	Cloud infrastructure operated solely for an organization.			
Hybrid Cloud	Cloud infrastructure composed of two or more clouds that interoperate or federate through technology			
Community Cloud	Cloud infrastructure shared by several organizations and supporting a specific community			
and one other				
Virtual Private Cloud	Cloud services that simulate the private cloud experience in public cloud infrastructure			

Public vs. Private Cloud Security

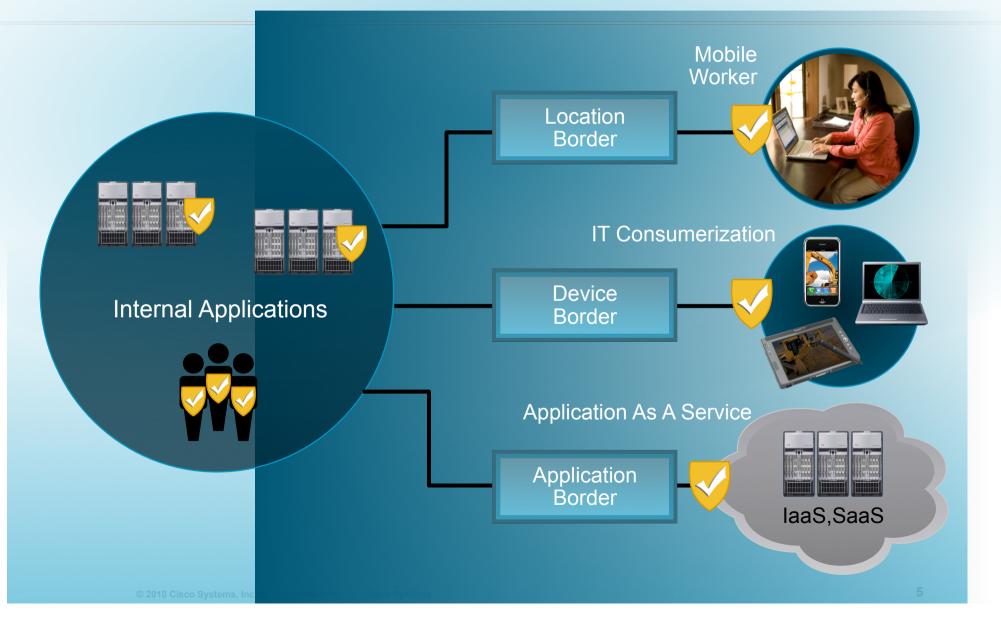
While the technology basement remains the same, we may consider two different approaches to the problem :

- Public Cloud :
 - Delegation versus Trust
- Private Cloud :
 - Abstraction / Virtualization versus Complexity

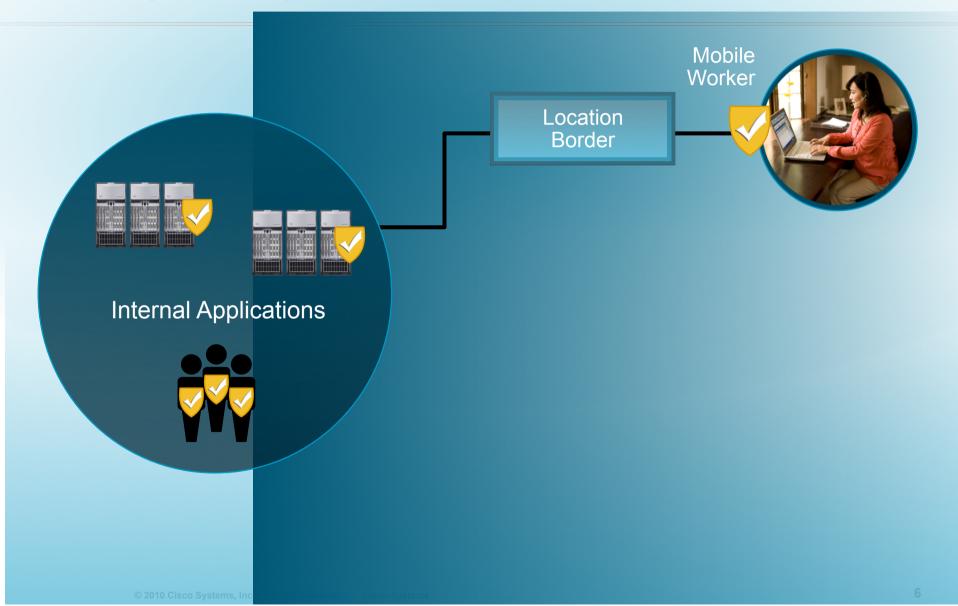


Considerations about the Public Cloud Security

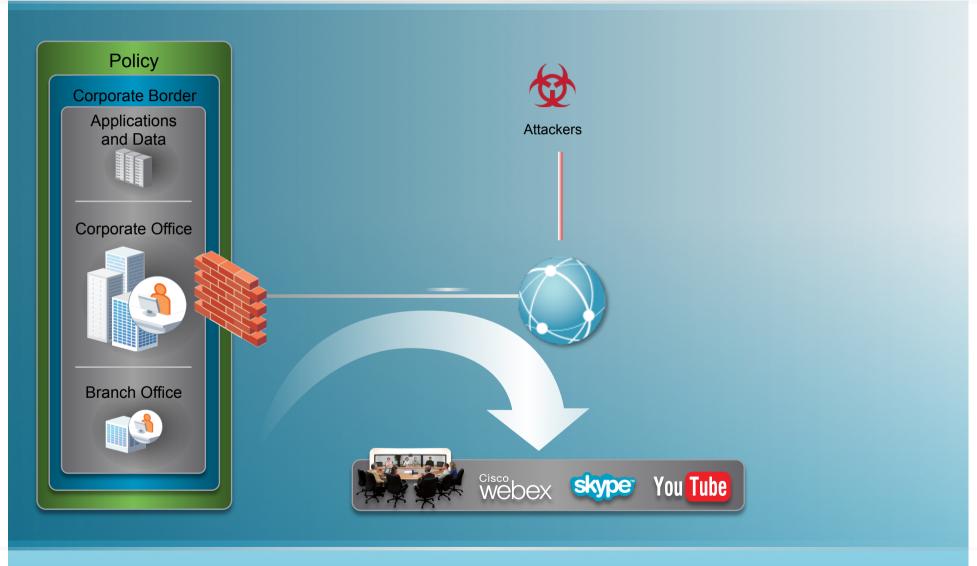
The New World: Shifting Borders



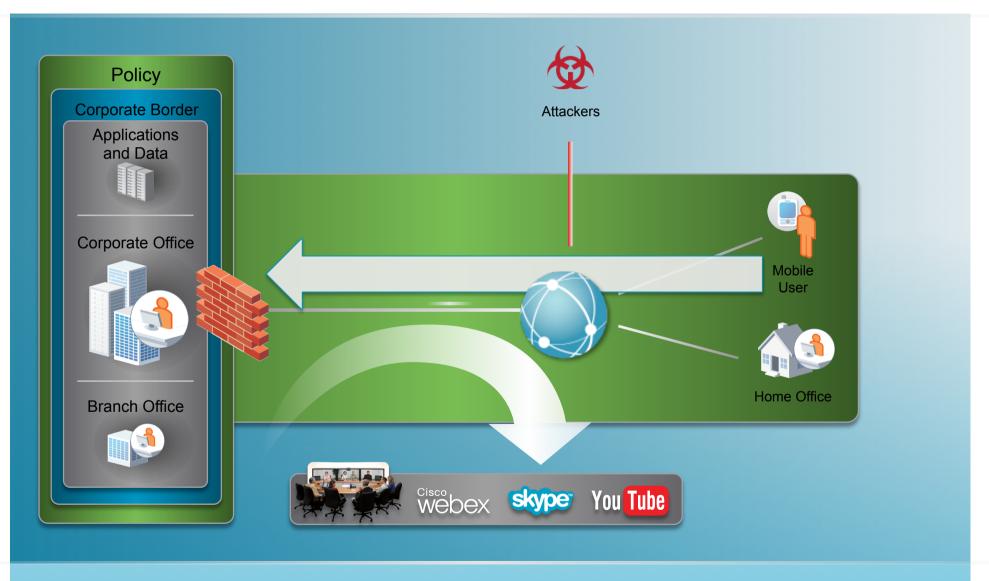
The (not so) New World: Location Border



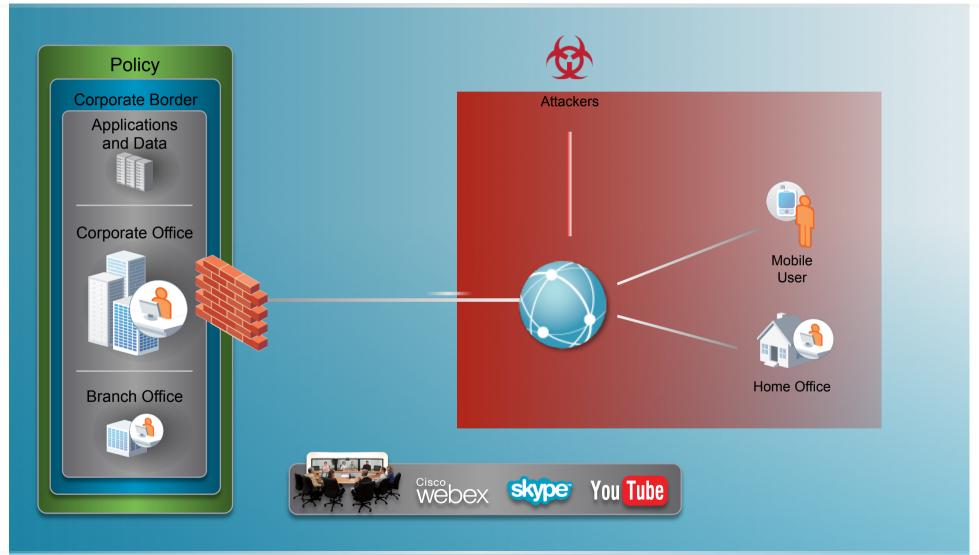
Traditional Corporate Border



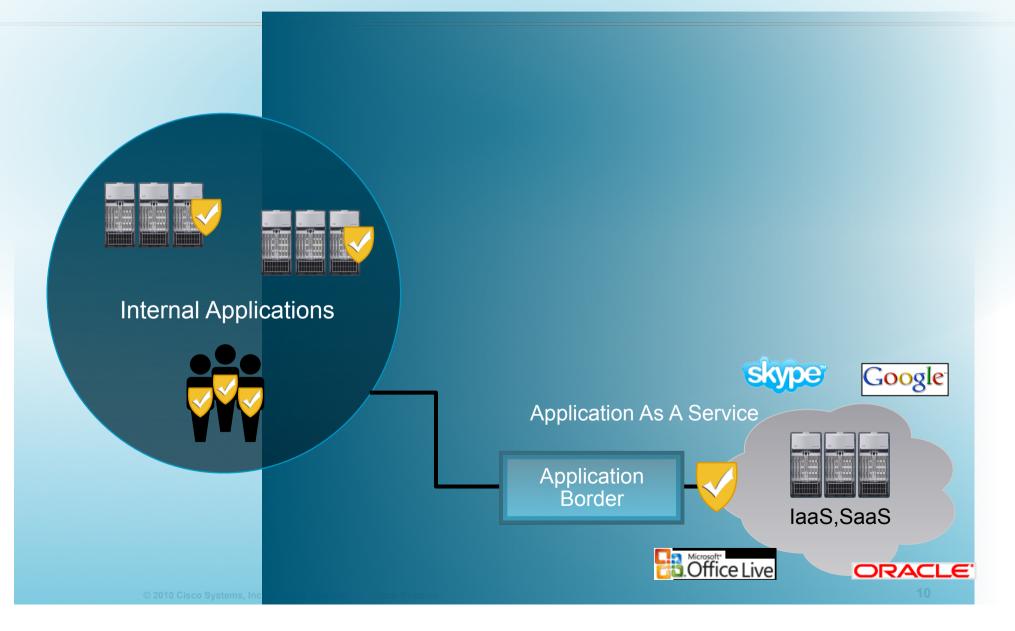
Now with Mobile Users and VPNs



With Mobile Users when not protected by VPNs...



The New World: Application Border



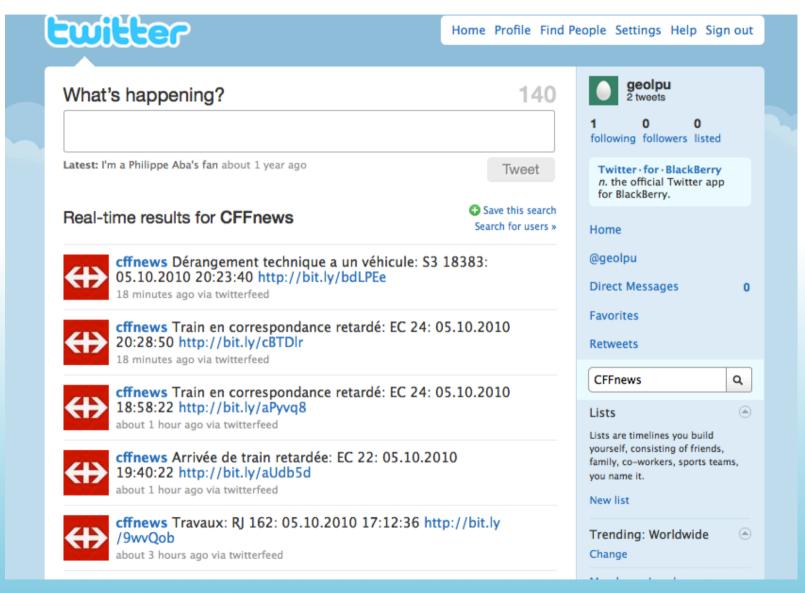
The Consumer's View of Cloud



These Cloudy Days ...

- Internet is reliable
- Cloud services are well known in the consumer market, and the consumer market creates some pressure in the enterprise world.
- Is LinkedIn a consumer/personal or business service ?
- Enterprises are turning every single task into a process.
 It creates a strong traction for adopting services (OPEX vs CAPEX)

Organizations don't have even the choice



Organizations don't have even the choice ...



Rechercher

Parcourir

Ajouter un

Duck calls by Cisco CEO John Chambers

CSCOPR 842 vidéos ≥

S'abonner

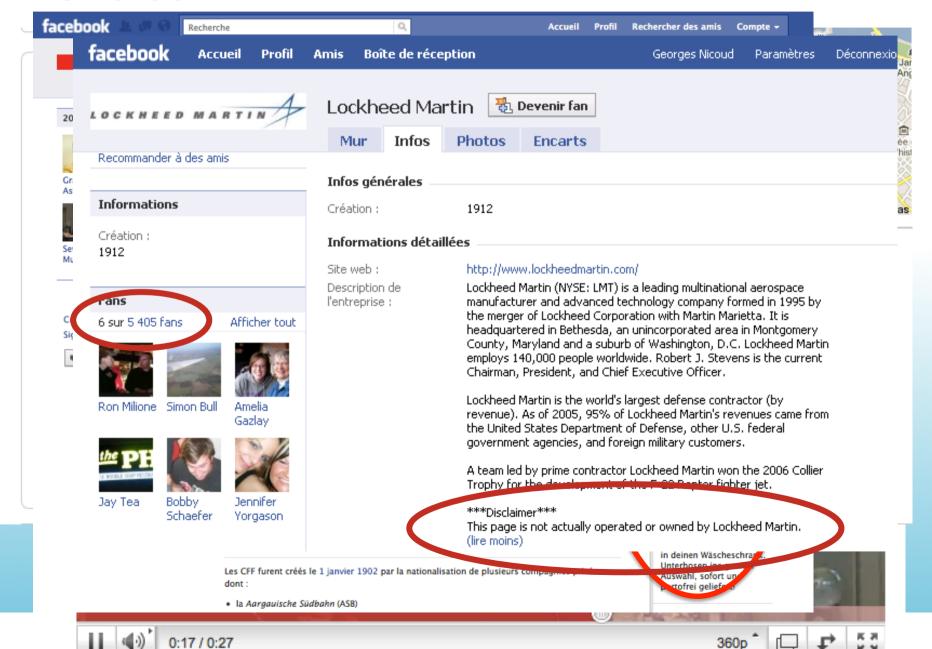


Organizations don't have even the choice ...

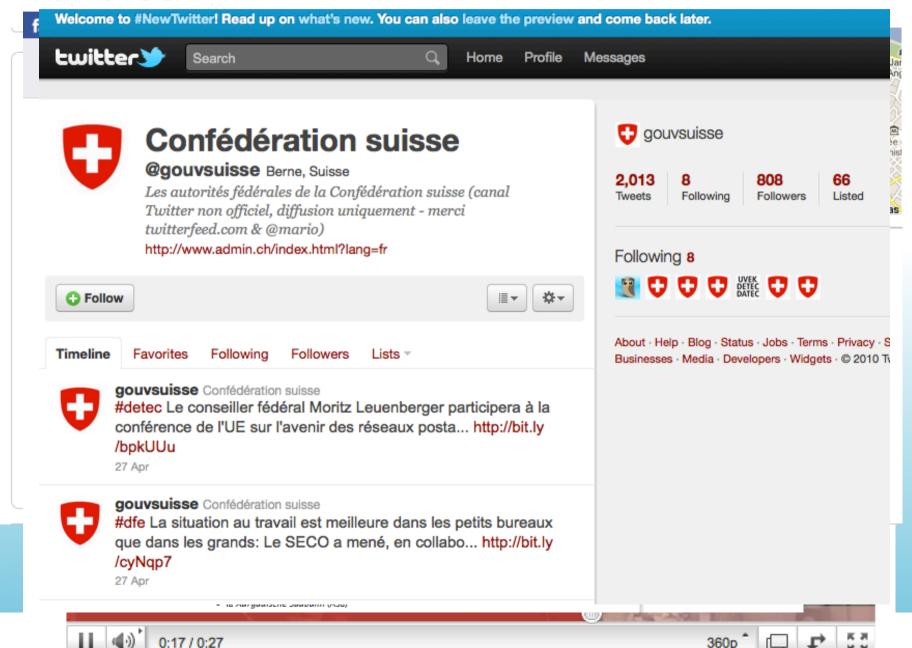




Organizations don't have even the choice



Organizations don't have even the choice



First security concern

- Enterprises are using unmanaged cloud services today
 - in a more or less control way
- On public and (almost) free consumer platforms :
 - No real control over the corporate image
 - Risks of information leakage
 - Risks of misleading
 - Risks of Social Engineering attacks

Global trend for outsourcing



- Every business process is analyzed :
 - Down to a single application
 - Down to any individual
- If you can define it, measure it, and it is not a core business activity, you want to outsource it

Can you afford to manage the risk? Imagine you have:

- A couple of consultants
- Employees under temporary contract
- A complete department is outsourced (Dev, Marketing, etc...)
- Datacenter exploitation is outsourced
- Networks, servers, premises, and people are outsourced
- Cloud based services

Key to Broader Adoption of Cloud: Trust

Security

Control

Service-Level Management

Compliance

Before the Economics of Cloud Computing Can be Considered, Organizations Require a Trusted Service Infrastructure

Enterprise Deployment Models

Distinguishing between Ownership and Control

Ownership

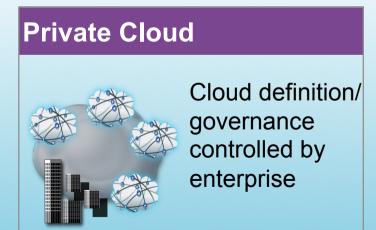


External Resources



All cloud resources owned by providers; used by many customers

Control



Public Cloud



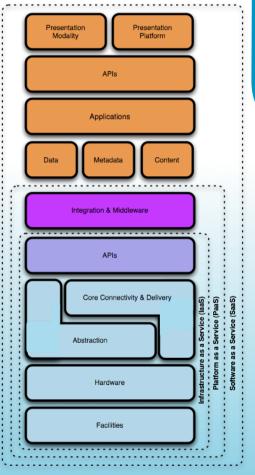
Cloud definition/ governance controlled by provider

Control and Trust evolve with cloud

Dedicated IT	Hosting Provider	Public laas	Public Paas	Public Saas
Data	Data	Data	Data	Data
Арр	Арр	Арр	Арр	Арр
VM	VM	VM	VM	VM
Server	Server	Server	Server	Server
Storage	Storage	Storage	Storage	Storage
Network	Network	Network	Network	Network
Organization has control with service provider Service provider has control				

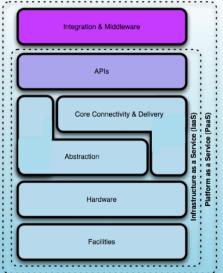
What This Means To Security

Salesforce - SaaS

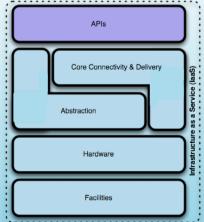


The lower down the stack the Cloud provider stops, the more security **you** are tactically responsible for implementing & managing yourself.

Google AppEngine - PaaS



Amazon EC2 - laaS



Cloud Security Alliance - Guidance

The Cloud Security Alliance's 13 Critical Areas Of Focus for Cloud:

1. Architecture & Framework

Governing the Cloud	Operating the Cloud	
2. Governance & Risk Mgmt	8. Traditional BCM, DR	
3. Legal & Electronic Discovery	9. Datacenter Operations	
5. Compliance & Audit	10. Incident Response	
6. Information Lifecycle Mgmt	11. Application Security	
7. Portability & Interoperability	12. Encryption & Key Mgmt	
	13. Identity & Access Mgmt	



www.cloudsecurityalliance.org

Cloud Security Alliance Top Threats to Cloud Computing

The Cloud Security Alliance's Top Threats to Cloud Computing V1.0:

- 1. Abuse and Nefarious Use of Cloud
- 2. Insecure Interfaces and APIs
- 3. Malicious Insiders
- 4. Shared Technology
- 5. Data Loss or
- 6. Account or Service Hijacking
- 7. Unknown Risk Profile



www.cloudsecurityalliance.org

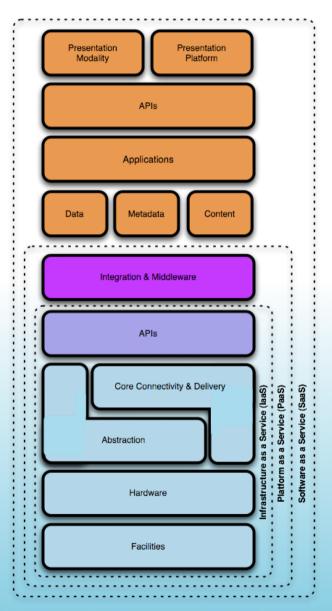
Some important factors to consider for the service

- Single Tenancy / Multi-tenancy
- Isolated Data / Co-mingled Data
- Dedicated Security / Socialist Security
- On-premise / Off-premise

CloudAudit & the A6 Deliverable

- Provide a common interface and namespace that allows cloud computing providers to automate the Audit, Assertion, Assessment, and Assurance (A6) of their environments
- Allow authorized consumers of services to do likewise via an open, extensible and secure interface and methodology.

http://www.cloudaudit.org



That is the question ...

- May your private organization be potentially more secure than a public cloud service ?
- (and/or cheaper ...)

Saleforce.com



82 000 + customers ...



Cisco

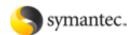
CRM Snaphot

Centralizing Information on a Global Scale: Cisco Deploys Salesforce to 15,000 Users with Siebel Integration and PRM Capabilities

Saleforce.com

luniner Networks





Symantec

Salesforce CRM Drives Enterprise Success at Symantec: 3,900 Users, 40 Countries, and 11 Languages in 3.5 Months



Orange Communications

CRM Snaphot

Salesforce Brightens Orange Sales Visibility with 300 User Roll-Out



Swisscom

CRM Snaphot

Swisscom Hospitality Services Plus: For Five-Star Business Processes

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Dimension Data

CRM Snaphot

Dimension Data Boosts Global Sales Pipeline by 172 Percent in One Year with Salesforce





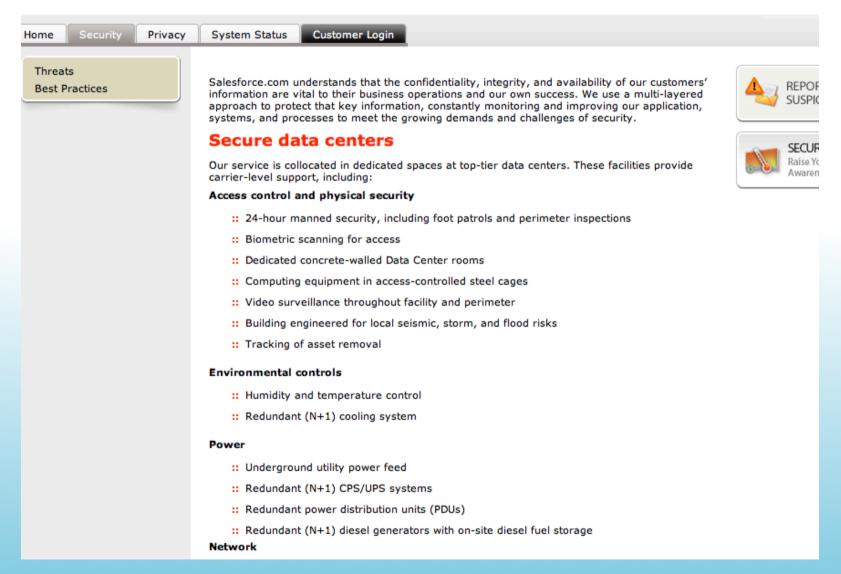
Cisco

CRM Snap

CRM

Centralizing Information on a Global Scale: Cisco Deploys Salesforce to 15,000 Users with Siebel Integration and PRM Capabilities

Could you Trust Force.com?



Force.com Security Literature

Technical Library **Partners** Blog Cookbook Code Share Boards More page | edit inical Library nentation **Force.com Security Resources** Resources The Force.com platform and Salesforce CRM suite of applications include a wide variety of security features and configuration settings. This page introduces Force.com Secure Cloud Development, a new suite of tools, training and processes to help all developers get started building trusted applications. Get started below by taking our training and ation following it up by assessing your knowledge with our developer security quiz. ogic Introduction to Force.com Security nterface Writing Secure Apps Training ase Developer Security Quiz Whitepaper: Secure, private, and trustworthy: enterprise cloud computing with Force.com istribution ites Force.com Secure Cloud Development: Design > Development > Testing > Release ty **Development** Design etter se Information Setting strong requirements or guidelines at this stage will help to ensure Catching security flaws at this stage will save your that your development team has written code with security in mind. company serious time and effort in the future. Secure Coding Guidelines Security Design Resources Security Coding Library to Contribute Self Assessment Tool Book Office Hours ogin inks here Testing Release d changes Now that you're ready to release, you'll need a plan to address any Focus your efforts on ensuring that the requirements have ıl pages security flaws found internally and externally. been followed and nothing slipped through the cracks.

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Security recommendations

- 1# educate your users
- 2# Identify your primary security contact
- 3# Secure Employee Systems
- 4# Implement IP restrictions
- 5# strengthen password policies
- 6# require secure sessions
- 7# Decrease session timeout value

Reference: http://wiki.developerforce.com/index.php/ An_Overview_of_Force.com_SecuritySecurity

Webinar: https://salesforce.acrobat.com/securitywebinar

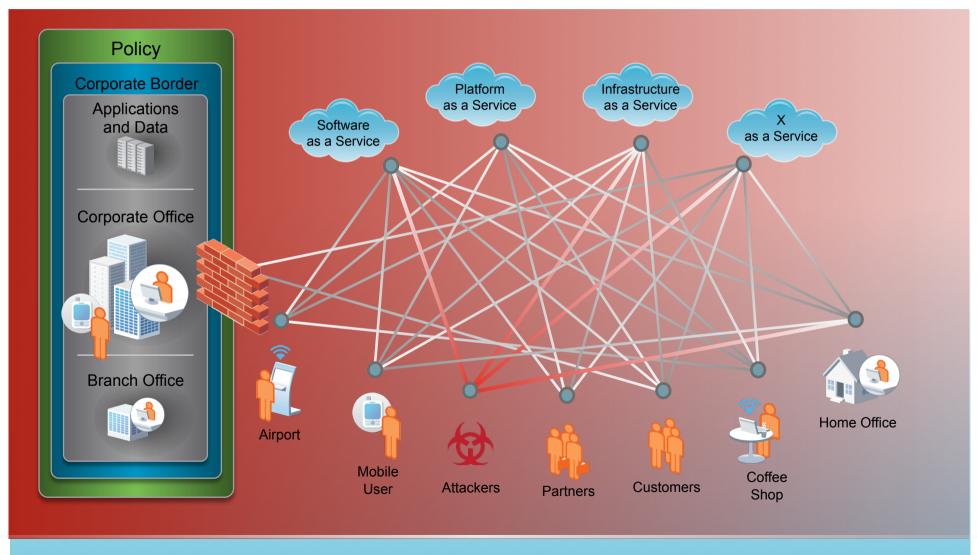
The New World: Device Borders



Desktop Virtualization is part of the Security Journey

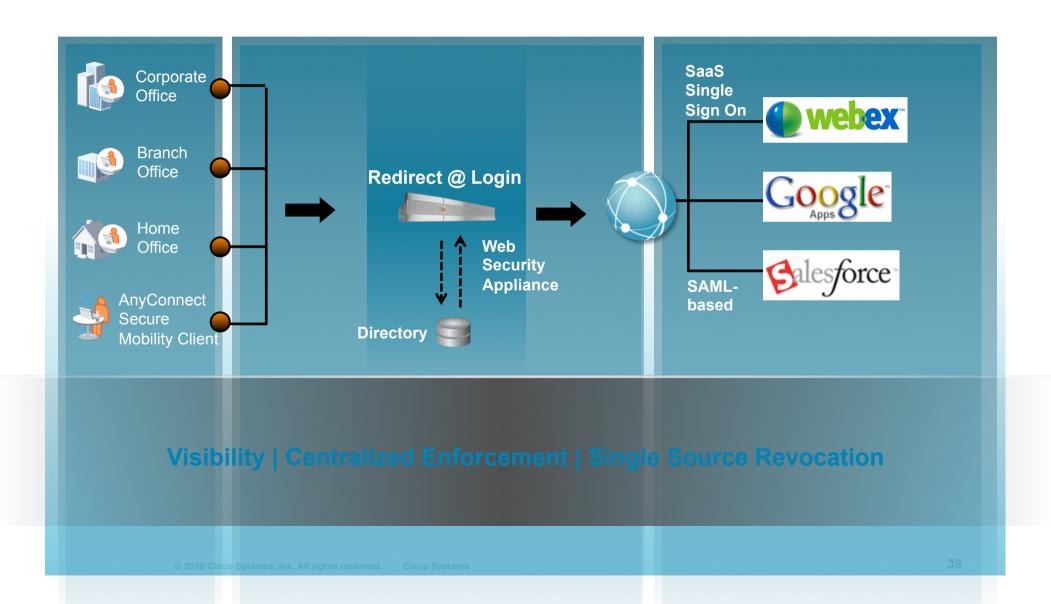


Concern: Security in a Cloud World



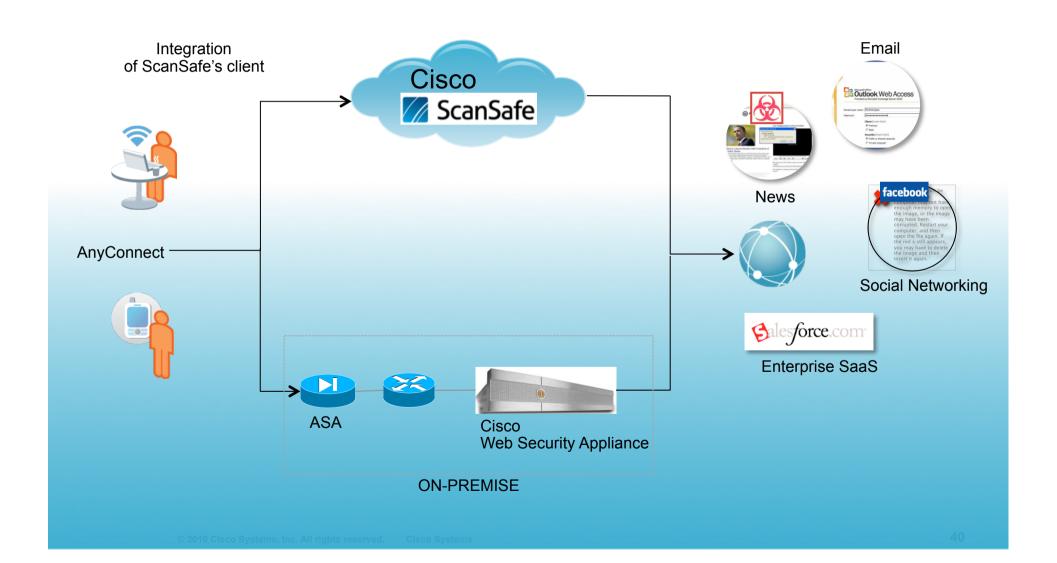
SaaS Access Control

Regaining Visibility and Control Through Identity

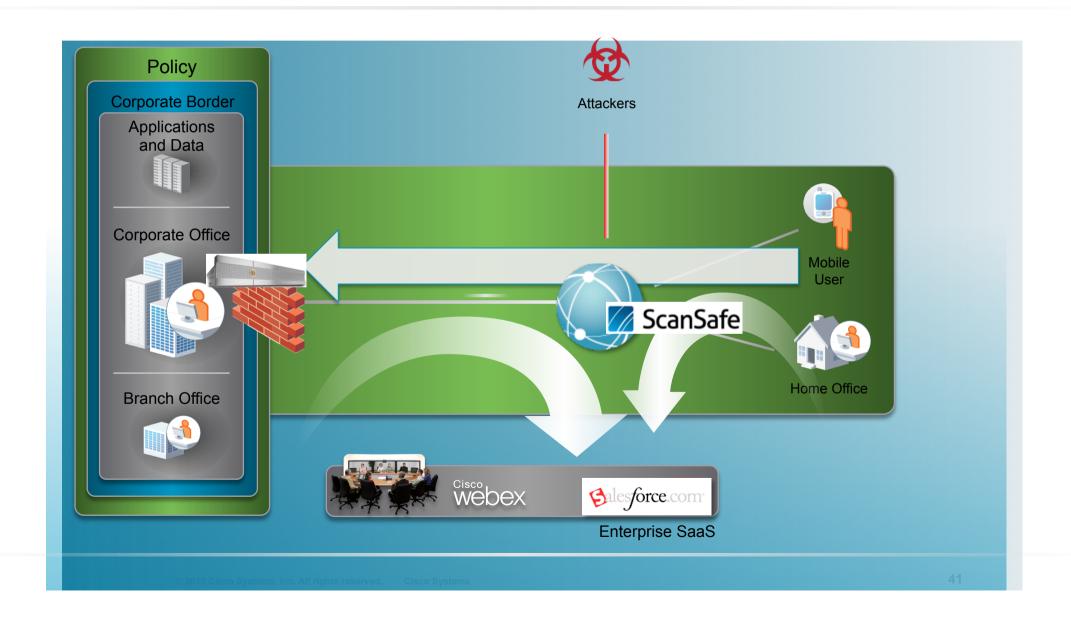


AnyConnect Secure Mobility Vision

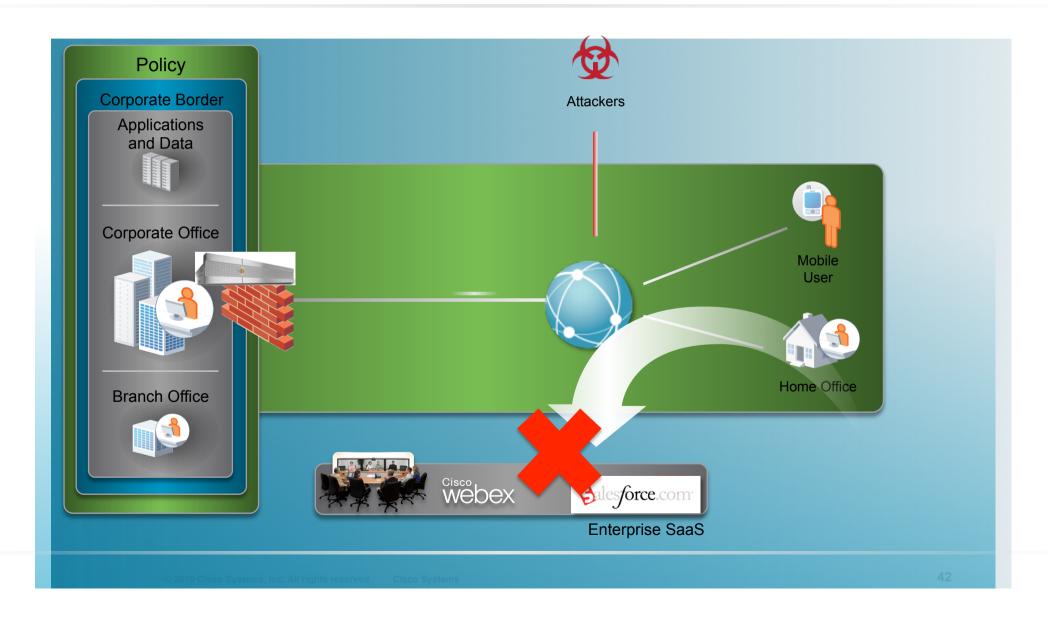
On-Premise Gateway or Cloud Policy Enforcement



Mobile Users and Secured Cloud Access



Non Secured Users Should Be Filtered Out



Public Services Access Can Be Filtered Out

Restricting Login IP Ranges for Your Organization

User Permissions Needed	
To view network access:	"Login Challenge Enabled"
To change network access:	"Manage Users"

To help protect your organization's data from unauthorized access, you can specify a list of IP addresses from which users can always log in without receiving a login challenge:

- 1. Click Your Name ➤ Setup ➤ Security Controls ➤ Network Access.
- 2. Click New.
- 3. Enter a valid IP address in the Start IP Address field and a higher IP address in the End IP Address field.

The start and end addresses define the range of allowable IP addresses from which users can log in. If you want to allow logins from a single IP address, enter the same address in both fields. For example, to allow logins from only 125.12.3.0, enter 125.12.3.0 as both the start and end addresses.

The start and end IP addresses must include no more than 33,554,432 addresses (2²⁵). For example, the following ranges are valid:

- 0.0.0.0 to 1.255.255.255
- 132.0.0.0 to 132.255.255.255
- 132.0.0.0 to 133.255.255.255

However, ranges like 0.0.0.0 to 2.255.255.255 or 132.0.0.0 to 134.0.0.0 are too large.

https://na1.salesforce.com/help/doc/en/salesforce_security_impl_guide.pdf



Considerations about the Private Cloud Security

First days of a Private Cloud Anchored on Trust & Control



Trusted

Controlled

Reliable

Secure

CLOSED



Cloud Computing

Targeting Agility and Efficiency



Highly Virtualized Data Centers and Cloud Computing

Trusted

Controlled

Reliable

Secure

Flexible

Dynamic

On-demand

Efficient

Virtualization & Cloud Driving New **Requirements in Data Center**

Dedicated Network Services



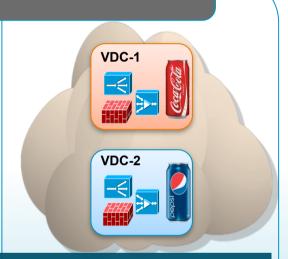




- Application-specific services
- Form factors:
 - Appliance
 - Switch module

Virtual Network Services

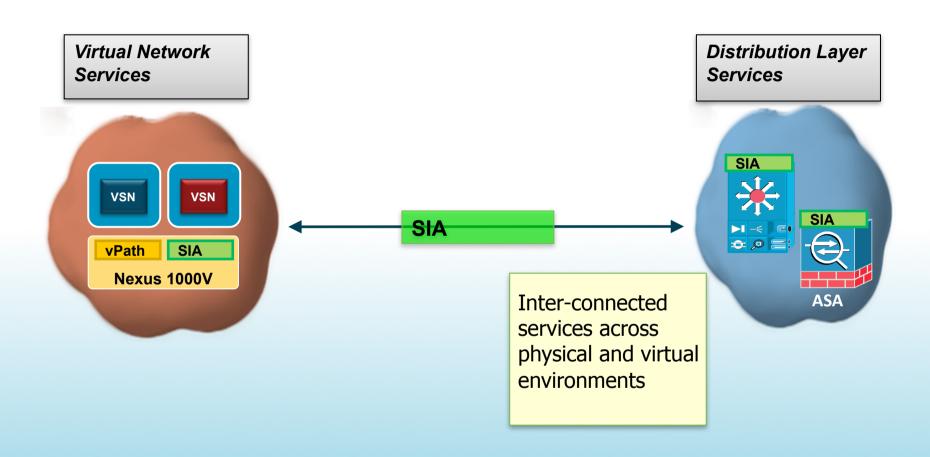




Virtual Service Nodes (VSNs)

- Virtual appliance form factor
- Dynamic Instantiation/Provisioning
- Service transparent to VM mobility
- Support scale-out
- Large scale multi-tenant operation

Fully Inter-connected Network Services Vision



Data Center Security Challenges

- Virtualization
- Applications
- Data Loss
- Compliance
- Availability



Cloud-Specific Issues Emerging

- Organizational & Operational Misalignment
- Monoculture of Operating Systems, Virtualized Components & Platforms
- Privacy Of Data/Metadata, Exfiltration and Leakage
- Inability to Deploy Compensating or Detective Controls
- Segmentation & Isolation In Multi-tenant environments...

Cloud Happiness

The Cloud can provide the following security benefits:

- Centralized Data (sort of...)
- Segmented data/applications
- Better Logging/Accountability
- Standardized images for asset deployment
- Better Resilience to attack & streamlined incident response
- More streamlined Audit and Compliance
- Better visibility to process
- Faster deployment of applications, services, etc.





Key Takeaways

Key Takeaways (From A Customer's Perspective)

- Have a risk assessment methodology, classify assets and data.
- Interrogate vendors and providers; use the same diligence that you would for outsourced services today; focus on resilience/recovery, SLA's, confidentiality, privacy and segmentation.
- The challenge is to match business/security requirements against the various *aaS model(s)
- Each of the *aaS models provides a delicate balance of openness, flexibility, control, security and extensibility
- Regardless of the model, <u>you</u> are still responsible for some element of security

References

- Cloud literature on Cisco.com http://www.cisco.com/en/US/netsol/ns976/index.html
- Cloud Computing Google Groups:
 - Cloud Computing http://groups.google.com/group/cloud-computing
 - Cloud Computing Interoperability Forum http://groups.google.com/group/cloudforum
 - Cloud Storage http://groups.google.com/group/cloudstorage
- Attend a local CoudCamp
- Join the Cloud Security Alliance & CloudAudit...

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